



151 First Side

Pittsburgh, PA

introduction

overview

proposal

structural depth

acoustics breadth

cm breadth

conclusions



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Structural Option

Senior Thesis

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Advisor: Kevin Parfitt



Presentation Outline

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- Overview
- Proposal
- Structural Depth
- Acoustics Breadth
- Construction Management Breadth
- Conclusions
- Acknowledgements
- Questions



Overview

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- ◎ Location:
 - Pittsburgh, PA
- ◎ Significance:
 - First condominium built downtown since 1968
- ◎ Architecture:
 - 18 stories
 - 82 units
 - Open floor plan
 - 233,000 SF



Overview

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⦿ Mechanical:

- 36.7 Ton roof top unit by AAON
- Individual heat pumps

⦿ Electrical:

- 120/208 3 phase system
- 1800a main switch

⦿ Lighting:

- Incandescent downlights in units
- Fluorescent downlights and wall washers in corridors and public areas



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Construction:

- \$24M construction cost
- Owned by Zambrano Corp., Ralph A. Falbo, Inc., and EQA Landmark Communities
- Design-build construction

Structural:

- Hambro composite joist floor system
- Braced frame and moment connection lateral system



Proposal

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conclusions

- ◎ Structural Depth
 - Decrease cost and increase performance by using typical structural systems
- ◎ Acoustics Breadth
 - Analyze proposed systems and check existing systems for acoustical quality
- ◎ Construction Management Breadth
 - Analyze and compare proposed systems to current systems



Structural Depth

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⦿ Floor System

- Current Hambro MD2000 composite joist system compared to a typical composite beam system

⦿ Lateral System

- Current combination braced frame and moment connection system compared to concrete core, braced frame, and moment connection systems



Structural Depth

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- ◎ Current Hambro floor system
 - 3¼” concrete on metal decking
 - Supported by joist with composite top chord



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- ◎ Proposed composite steel system
 - 4" light weight concrete on B-LOK decking with 1 stud/ft
 - Beams placed at third points of bays



Structural Depth

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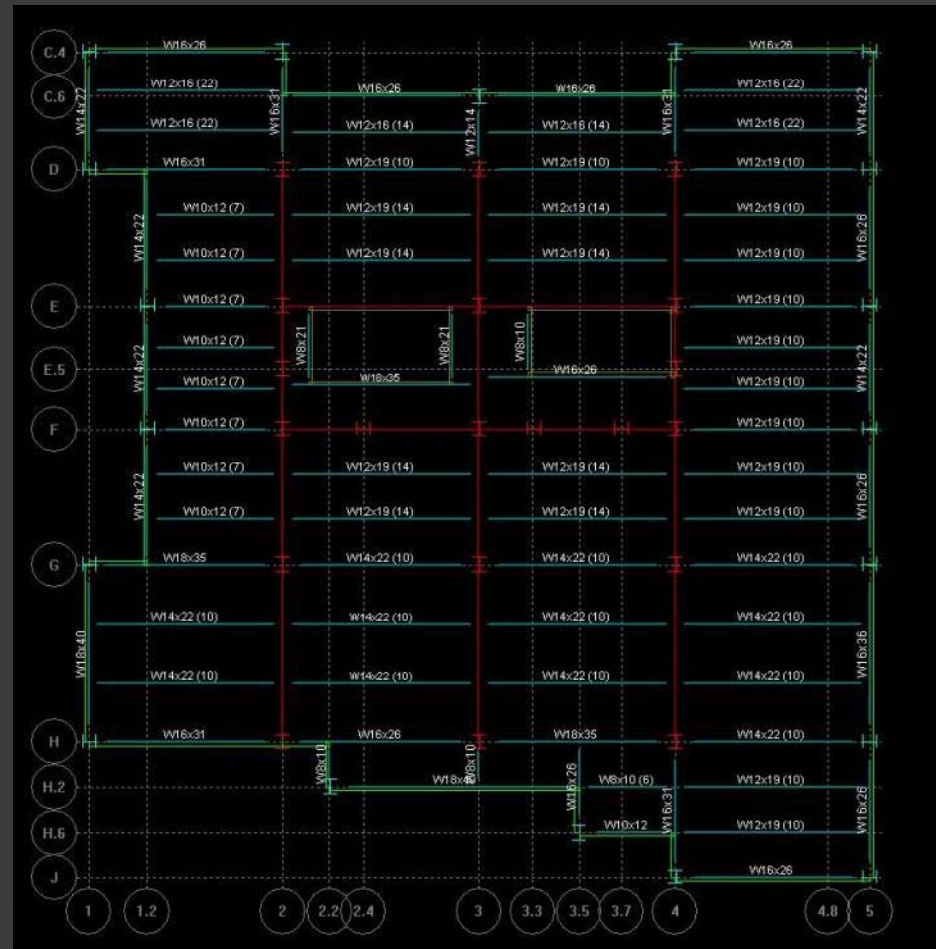
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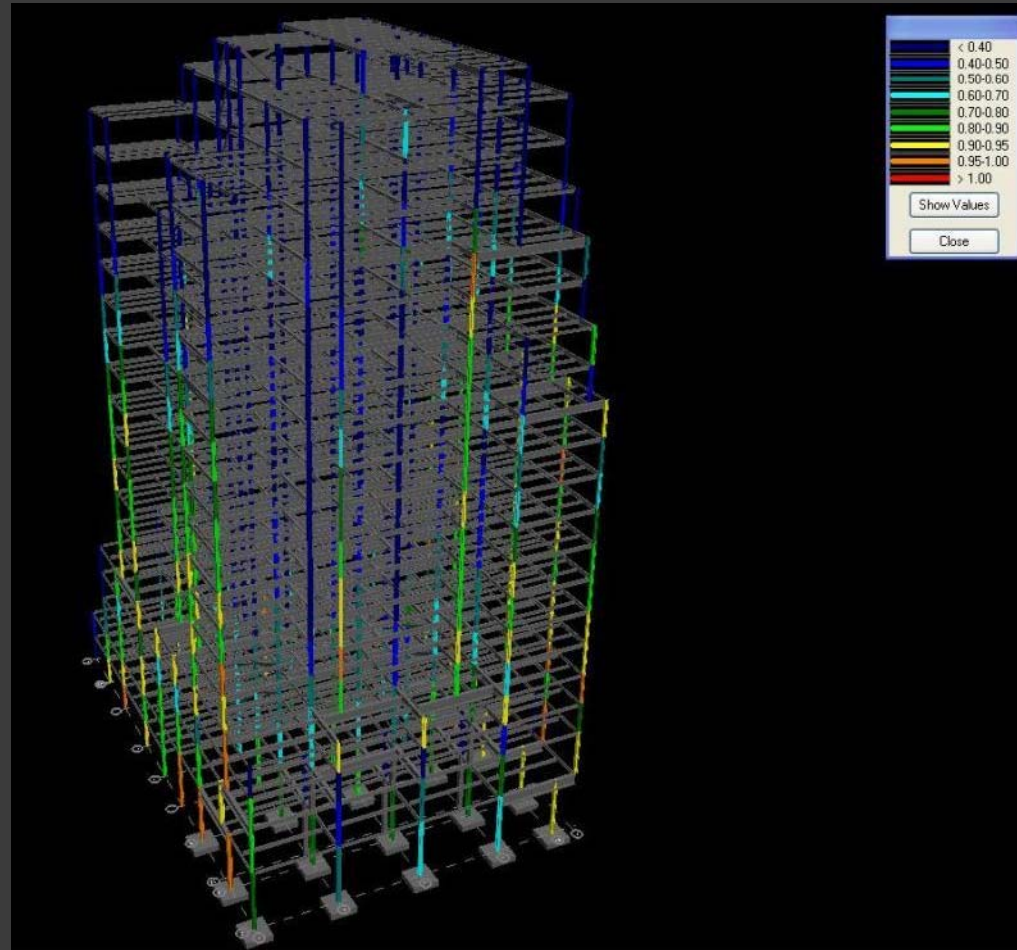
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Column redesign



Structural Depth

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- ◎ Current lateral system
 - Combination of braced frames and moment connections



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Frames long grids 2, 3, and 4 in north-south direction



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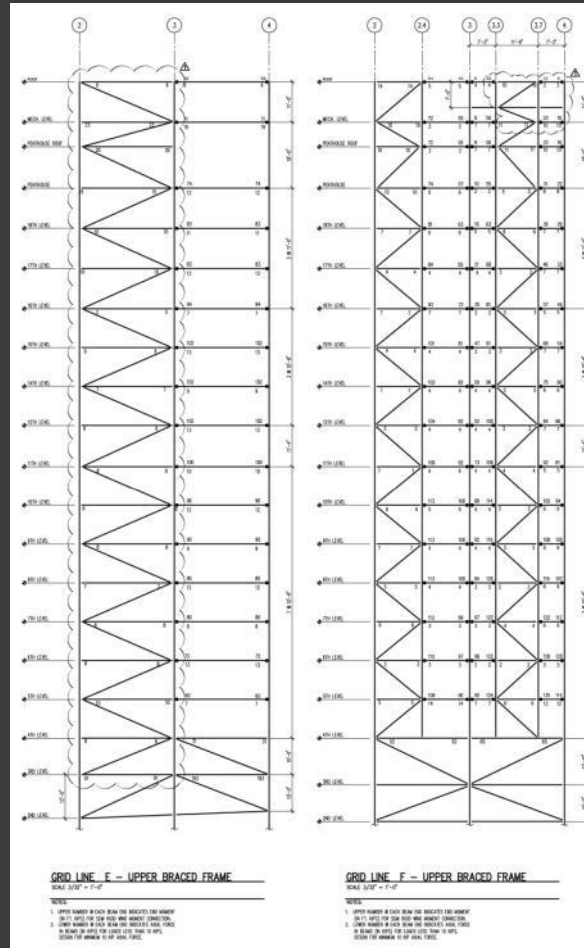
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Frames long grids E and F in east-west direction



Structural Depth

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conclusions

- Concrete core lateral system
 - Utilizes concrete core to handle all lateral loading
 - Unacceptable due to interaction of trades



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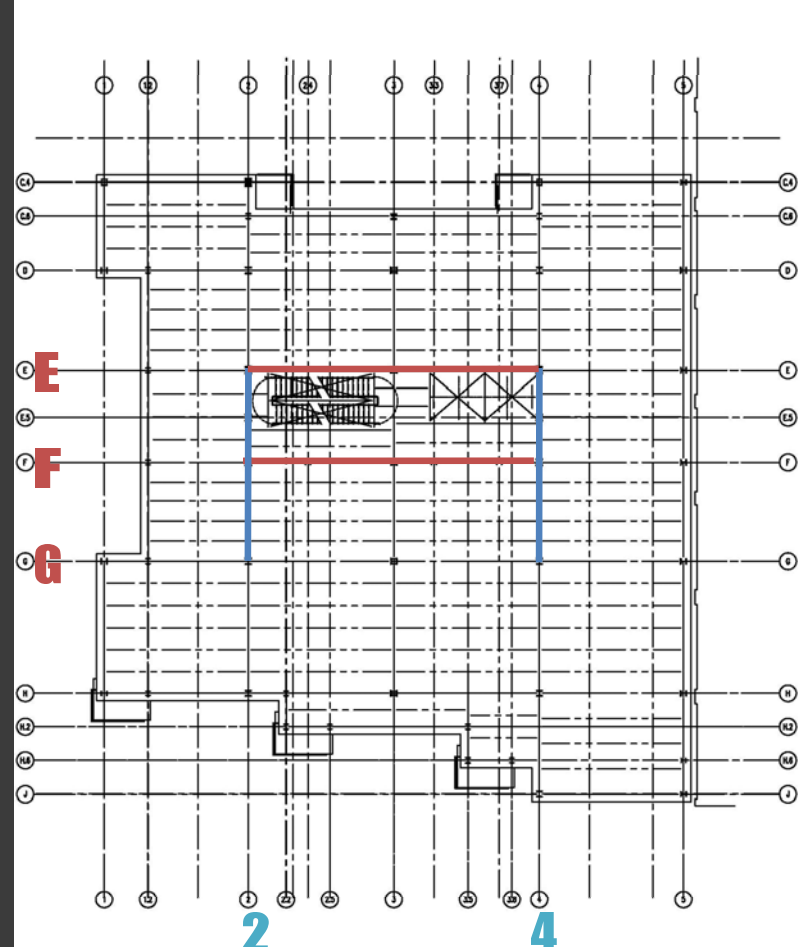
conclusions

- Braced frame lateral system
 - Utilizes braced frames for all lateral loading
 - Quicker installation
 - Low torsion due to design
 - Unacceptable due to diagonal braces within floor plan



Structural Depth

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Proposed braced frame layout



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- ⦿ Moment connection lateral system
 - Utilizes moment connections for all lateral loading
 - Fully restrained connections recommended for greater than 10 stories
 - Unacceptable due to cost and scheduling of fully restrained connections



Acoustics Breadth

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⦿ Floor system

- Compare current Hambro system to proposed composite beam system

⦿ Mechanical system

- Analyze current issues and provide alternative solutions



Acoustics Breadth

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- ◎ Current Hambro floor system
 - STC of 57
 - IIC of 30
 - Susceptible to structure born sound
 - Susceptible to “wave” phenomenon



Acoustics Breadth

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- ◎ Proposed beam floor system
 - STC of 55
 - IIC of 35
 - Potential for better low end absorption
 - Not susceptible to “wave” phenomenon



Acoustics Breadth

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⦿ Mechanical system

- Roof top unit in direct line of sight with penthouse terraces
- Most common complaint from workers and potential tenants



Acoustics Breadth

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- ⦿ Existing sound levels
 - AAON representative unable or unwilling to provide acoustical data
 - Data obtained through IVIE IE-33 Pocket PC and similar unit
 - Values were confirmed by 3rd party acoustician



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IVIE IE-33 Graph



Acoustics Breadth

⦿ Proposed solutions

- Acoustical barrier would only provide 6dB reduction
- System can be relocated to minimize sound levels on terraces

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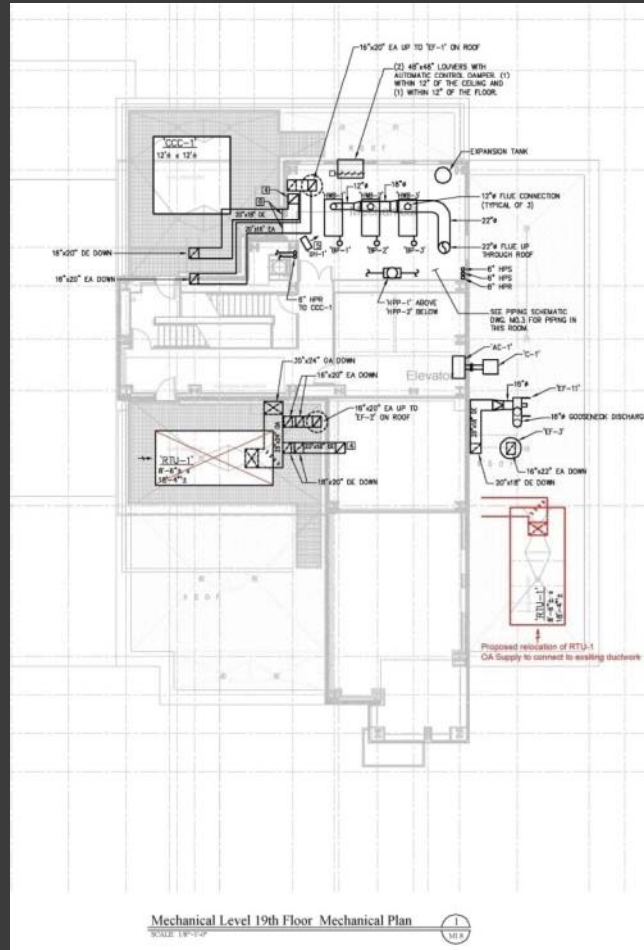
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Proposed roof top unit relocation



Acoustics Breadth

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◎ Relocation effects

- 30ft gives 15dB reduction
- Nosier supply intake now faces away from all occupied spaces
- Two walls separate unit from terraces, adding approximately 20dB of reduction



Construction Management Breadth

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⦿ Schedule

- Compare scheduling impacts of proposed systems both on and off of the critical path

⦿ Cost

- Compare cost of proposed systems to current systems



Construction Management Breadth

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◎ Schedule

- Steel placement takes 177 days and is unaffected by floor system change
- Pouring of proposed floor system would save a minimum of 1 day per floor, though not on the critical path
- A potential 10 days could be saved through fire protection
- The braced frame lateral system could save 5 days along critical path, but was found to be unacceptable



Construction Management Breadth

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◎ Cost

- Larger slab and more expensive concrete offset with cheaper steel, resulting in a similar cost between floor systems
- Redesign of columns and beams save 131 Tons of steel, which saves approximately \$228,000
- Labor savings estimated at approximately \$30,000
- Total system savings over 1% of total building cost



Conclusions

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◎ Structural Depth

- A composite beam floor system would be both feasible and economical to use
- No better lateral system was found

◎ Acoustics Breadth

- A composite beam floor system could provide equal acoustical qualities
- Mechanical system can be moved to provide a better sound level on outdoor terraces

◎ Construction Management Breadth

- All proposed systems could be implemented without a change in the critical path
- All proposed systems would be similar in cost or less expensive



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I would like to thank the following companies and individuals:

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- ◉ Professor Moses Ling
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- ◉ Family and friends for their support and understanding



Dedication

This Thesis presentation and year long project is dedicated to the memory of:



Nicholas Buchko
9/15/15 – 12/6/06
“Never give up.”

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Questions?

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